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From Monday January 21. to Thursday January 24. 1705.

Milan, January 13. *N. S.*

THE Dragoons that were quartered in this Place and in our Neighbourhood are ſent to Vignano, and the Horſe to Pavia, for the better Security of thoſe Frontiers. They write from Cezal, That a Detachment of Horſe had been ſent from thence to forage in the Country of Piedmont; and that the French are making Preparations for the attacking of Aſti, as ſoon as the Seaſon permits: But the Duke of Savoy has cauſed that Place to be ſo well fortified, and has provided it with ſo good a Gariſon, that it will coſt them very dear. General Collmenero is gone from hence for the French Court, to give an Account of the Number and Condition of the Troops belonging to this Dutchy.

Venice, January 16. Signior Delfino being lately choſen Procurator of St. Mark, made his publick Entry here the 12th Inſtant. The Imperial Forces in the Veroneſe are daily ſtrengthened by new Reinforcements; and part of them have taken Quarters near Caſtelbaldo. The reſt of the Imperial Troops continue in their former Poſts. The French are making Fortifications in ſeveral Places along the Mincio. A Detachment of 400 of their Foot, with two Pieces of Cannon, came lately by Water along the Canal Bianco to Gauda, where they have begun to make a Bridge, and to build a Fort. We have juſt now a Report, that their Troops have abandoned Lazice, Bardolano, and their other Poſts on the Lake di Garda. The Count de Medavi continues at Palazzuolo, being appointed to command the French Troops along the River Oglio, and towards the Lake Iſeo. Letters from Conſtantinople of the 19th of November laſt, which came by the way of Dalmatia, ſay, that many of the Inhabitants had lately died of a contagious Diſtemper, which continued to carry off daily a great number of People.

Warſaw, Jan. 12. The Swediſh Forces, and thoſe of that part of the Nobility of Poland which ſides with them, are marching towards Pultowsk, in order to attack the Poliſh, Saxon and Muſcovite Forces, that are in the Service of the King of Poland, who on his ſide is making all the neceſſary Preparations for the giving them a warm Reception. Letters from Grodno ſay, That his Majeſty had received a conſiderable Supply of Money from Muſcovy, for the paying and ſubſiſting both of his own Troops, and thoſe of the Czar.

Vienna, January 16. A Courier arrived here three days ago from Tranſilvania, with Letters of the 16th paſt from Field-Marſhal Rabutin, and from the Regency, giving an Account, That ſeveral Places which were in the Hands of the Malecontents had ſubmitted to the Imperialiſts; and that the States of that Province were to meet in a General Aſſembly towards the end of this Month, in order to renounce all ſort of Adherence to Prince Ragotzi, and to declare the Emperor to be their true and lawful Sovereign. The Emperor has been pleaſed to make Baron Kriechbaum a Lieutenant-General, for his good Services in Bavaria; and ſeveral other Military Promotions are ſhortly expected. The Prince of Darmſtad's Regiment of Cuiraſſiers is given to Colonel Reyfling; the Prince of Lorraine's Regiment of Foot to Baron Wetzell; and Count Caſtelli has been allowed to reſign his Regiment of Dragoons to Count Nicholas Palfy.

Augsbourg, Jan. 21. The Town of Chamb in the Upper Palatinate ſurrendred to Colonel Arnaud on the 19th Inſtant upon Articles. We have an Account, That Braunau and Schardingen, two other ſtrong Towns in Bavaria, which were alſo in the Poſſeſſion of the Malecontents, have likewiſe ſubmitted to the Emperor; and that the Malecontents had all laid down their Arms, excepting a Body of about 6000 Men, who kept in the Foreſt of Burghauſen, and in the Town which bears that Name; but we juſt now receive Advice, That General Kriechbaum being come before that Place, the Malecontents there have alſo made their Submiſſion, and laid down their Arms; ſo that this Inſurrection, which might have proved of dangerous Conſequence to the Empire and the Common Cauſe, if it had not been thus timely ſuppreſſed, is now happily at an end.

Franefort, January 24. All continues very quiet on theſe Frontiers. There has been ſome Difference between the Deputies of the Circle of the Upper Rhine and the Officers of the Troops of Lunenbourg, touching the aſſigning of Winter Quarters for thoſe Troops; but that Matter is now fully adjuſted. The Troubles in Bavaria are now wholly compoſed, and all the Places there which were in the Poſſeſſion of the Malecontents are ſurrendred to the Imperialiſts. We hear that Prince Eugene is expected at Vienna towards the latter end of this Month. Our Letters from thence give an Account, That the Principality of Tranſilvania is quite freed from the Troops of the Hungarian Malecontents, the Imperial Forces there having retaken all the Places of which the Enemy had poſſeſſed themſelves.

Hague, January 29. *N. S.* The Letters which came in yeſterday from Germany give an Account, That the Inſurrection in Bavaria is entirely ſuppreſſed, the Malecontents having ſubmitted, and laid down their Arms, and either abandoned or delivered up to the Imperial Troops all the Towns they were Maſters of. We expect by our next Advices to receive a more particular Account of this welcome News, which is confirmed from all Hands. The French Troops in the Low Countries ſeem to prepare for Action; and it is ſaid, they will endeavour the retaking of Sout-Leewue; but our Generals have